M1.(a) (i) (Compounds with the) same molecular formula Allow same number and type of atom for M1 Ignore same general formula.

1

But different structural formula / different displayed formula / different structures / different skeletal formula

M2 dependent on M1

Not different positions of atoms / bonds in space.

1

(ii) But-2-ene

Allow but-2-ene.

Allow but 2 ene.

Ignore punctuation.

1

(iii) (2)-methylprop-(1)-ene

Do not allow 2-methyleprop-1-ene.

1

(iv)

Do not allow skeletal formulae.

Penalise missing H and missing C

(b) (i) $C_4H_8 + 2O_2 \rightarrow 4C + 4H_2O$ Accept multiples.

1

(ii) Exacerbates asthma / breathing problems / damages lungs / smog / smoke / global dimming

Ignore toxic / pollutant / soot / carcinogen.

Do not allow greenhouse effect / global warming / acid rain / ozone.

1

(c) (i) $C_{16}H_{34}$

Allow H₃₄C₁₆

C and H must be upper case.

1

(ii) Jet fuel / diesel / (motor) fuel / lubricant / petrochemicals / kerosene / paraffin / central heating fuel / fuel oil

Ignore oil alone.

Not petrol / bitumen / wax / LPG / camping fuel.

1

(d) (i) $C_8H_{18} + 25NO \rightarrow 8CO_2 + 12.5 N_2 + 9H_2O$ Accept multiples.

1

(ii) Ir / iridium

OR

Pt / platinum

OR

Pd / palladium

OR

Rh / rhodium

M2.(a) Fractional distillation / fractionation / GLC / gas liquid chromatography

1

(b) C₄H₁₀

Need C₄H₁₀ and the reason for the mark

Because it has a higher bp / has stronger IMF / larger molecule / longer chain / larger surface (area)

1

(c) $C_4H_{10} + 6\frac{1}{2}O_2 \longrightarrow 4CO_2 + 5H_2O$

Accept multiples Ignore state symbols

1

(d) CO₂ or H₂O evolved is a greenhouse gas / CO₂ or H₂O evolved contribute to global warming / the products are greenhouse gases

Ignore climate change

1

(e) $CH_3CH_2CH_2CH_3 + 3.5O_2 \longrightarrow C_2H_2(CO)_2O + 4H_2O$

Accept multiples

Allow with or without a number 1 before the organic molecules

1

(f) (i) $C_2H_8SH + 4.5O_2 \longrightarrow 2CO_2 + 3H_2O + SO_2$ Accept multiples

1

(ii) Calcium oxide / calcium carbonate

Allow any base or alkali

Allow correct formulae

		Can only score M2 if base or alkali used in M1 Allow M2 if blank in M1	1
	(iii)	Ethanol contains hydrogen bonding Breaking covalent bonds CE = 0 / 2 Which is stronger than IMF (VDW / dipole-dipole forces) in ethanethiol / (H bonding) is the strongest IMF Only award M2 if M1 given, but allow IMF in ethanol are stronger than in ethanethiol for maximum 1 mark	1
(g)	(i)	(2,2-)dimethylpropane Ignore punctuation	1
	(ii)	Because molecule is smaller / less polarisable / has less surface (area) / is more spherical / molecules can't get as close to one another (to feel the vdW forces) Allow converse answers referring to straight chain isomers CE = 0 / 2 if breaking bonds	1
		vdW intermolecular forces or vdW force between molecules are weaker or fewer Need vdW rather than just IMF	1
	(iii)	1 or one	1
(h)	(i)	$C_{\mathfrak{g}}H_{\mathfrak{z}\mathfrak{o}}$ $H_{\mathfrak{z}\mathfrak{o}}C_{\mathfrak{g}}$	

Neutralises the SO₂ / acid base reaction / it is a base

	(ii)	Thermal (cracking) If not thermal cracking CE = 0 / 2		1
		High pressure AND high temperature If blank mark on Allow high P and T		1
		OR		
		Pressure of ≥ 10 atm, ≥ 1 MPa ≥ 1000 kPa		
		AND temp of 400 °C ≤ T ≤ 1000 °C or 650 K ≤ T≤ 1300 K Do not allow high heat If no units for T, then range must be 650 - 1000		1 [17]
M3. (a)	(i)	Crude oil / oil / petroleum Do not allow 'petrol'	1	
	(ii)	Fractional distillation / fractionation / fractionating Not distillation alone	1	
(b)	(i)	5 Allow five / V	1	
	(ii)	Chain (isomerism) Allow branched chain / chain branched / side chain (isomerism) Ignore position (isomerism) Do not allow straight chain / geometric / branched / function	1	

(c) (i) $C_{12}H_{26}/H_{26}C_{12}$ Only 1 (ii) Thermal cracking If not thermal cracking, CE = 0/2 If blank mark on 1 High temperature Allow 'high heat' for 'high temperature' $(400^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T} \le 900^{\circ}\text{C}) \text{ or } (650 \text{ K} \le \text{T} \le 1200 \text{ K})$ Not 'heat' alone *If no T, units must be 650 – 900* and High pressure (≥ 10 atm, ≥ 1 MPa, ≥1000 kPa) 1 (iii) To produce substances which are (more) in demand / produce products with a high value / products worth more Ignore 'to make more useful substances' 1 (d) (i) Corrosive or diagram to show this hazard symbol Ignore irritant, acidic, toxic, harmful 1 $(120.5 \times 100)(86 + 71)$ (ii) =76.75(%) or 76.8(%) Allow answers > 3 sig figs

(e) 2,2-dichloro-3–methylpentane

Ignore punctuation

Any order

1

M4. (a) (i) C_nH_{2n} / C_xH_{2x}

1

1

(ii) <u>Fractional distillation</u> / GLC / gas liquid chromatography / fractionation *Do not allow cracking / distillation*

1

(b) (i) But-1-ene / but1ene

Ignore hyphens and commas

Do **not** allow butene-1 / but-2-ene / butane / butane / alkene / C₄H₃ / propene / straight-chain alkene

1

(ii) A structure of cyclobutane or methyl-cyclopropane

Allow skeletal formula.

1

(c) (i) $C_{15}H_{32} \rightarrow 2C_4H_8 + C_7H_{16}$ Do not accept multiples.

1

(ii) Thermal cracking

Not catalytic cracking or cracking.

1

To produce products that are in greater demand / more valuable / more expensive / more profitable

The (unsaturated) alkene or the (unsaturated) molecule or X

produced can be polymerised or can be made into plastics. Ignore more useful products.

1

(iii) Break (C-C or C-H) bonds

Allow to overcome the activation energy.

Allow to break the carbon chain.

Penalise breaking wrong bonds.

1

(d) (i) \underline{H}_2

Only.

1

(ii) Fuel / LPG

Allow camping gas, lighter fuel, propellant, refrigerant, cordless appliances.

Do not allow petrol or motor fuel.

Ignore natural gas.

1

(iii) $C_4H_{10} + 2.5O_2 \rightarrow 4C + 5H_2O$ Accept multiples.

1

(iv) SO² / sulfur dioxide

If other sulfur oxides, mark on.

1

Calcium oxide / CaO / lime / quicklime

Allow CaCO₃ / allow Ca(OH)₂ or names.

Allow any solid base.

M2 dependent on M1.

Do not allow limewater.

1

(v) Neutralisation

1

(e) (Molecules) are similar sizes / have similar M_r / have similar number of electrons Chemical error CE = 0/2 if breaking bonds.

Allow similar number of carbon and hydrogen atoms / similar surface area / similar chain length.

Can accept same number of carbon atoms.

Do not accept same number of H atoms / same number of bonds.

Ignore similar amount of bonds.

1

Similar van der Waals forces <u>between molecules</u> / similar<u>intermolecular</u> forces (IMF)

Not similar incorrect IMF eg dipole-dipole

1

[16]